

Approval or disapproval for your 7 per cent tax rate and the gang responsible for it is the issue Tuesday.

WE

Welcome to our city
stand pat chairman
Ely and his G. O. P.
junks.

The Evening Herald

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

LIE

We believe is the
word used by John
S. Beaven. Oh, well!

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Vol. 4, No. 201.

FLOODING OF LOW LAND NEAR YSER AMERICANS' SAFETY IN MEXICO NOT FORCE GERMAN GUARANTEED

Carranza Fails to Extend Warranties Asked by Washington as Preliminary to Evacuation of Vera Cruz.

FRENCH CINTINUE THIER ADVANCE TO NORTHWARD

British able to Resume Offensive and Reconquer Much of Ground Yielded to Opposing Forces Earlier.

Paris, Oct. 30 (12:56 p. m.)—The French official announcement given out in Paris this afternoon says that the forces of the enemy which had passed the river Yser have been compelled to withdraw by reason of inundations of the lower country brought about by the Belgian army.

The text of the communication follows:

"On the extreme left intimation brought about by the Belgian army in the lower valley of the river Yser have compelled the forces of the enemy which has passed this river, to withdraw. They were subjected to a violent bombardment by the Belgian and French artillery during their movement of retreat."

The Germans endeavored yesterday to deliver very violent counter attacks on the French and British armada, which were progressing to the northeast and to the east of Ypres. At the end of the day our troops had notwithstanding continued their forward movement in the direction which had been assigned them, and also had taken possession of various points of support.

The British troops, assailed at several points to the north of La Bassie by superior forces, resumed the offensive with energy and reconquered to a considerable extent the terrain yielded to the enemy. At several other points on their line of combat, the British troops repelled the attacks of the Germans, inflicting on them important losses.

"On the remainder of the front there has been no general action, only partial offensive movements on our part as well as on the part of the enemy. We have made progress almost everywhere, notably before certain villages between Arras and Albert, upon the heights of the right bank of the Aisne down stream from Mons and here and there along the Meuse to the north of Verdun."

INDICTED MINERS SEEK QUASHING OF MURDER CHARGES

Boutique, Colo., Oct. 30.—Counsel for John R. Lawson, E. J. Doyle, W. T. Hickey and fifty-six other labor leaders and strikers charged with murder in connection with the attack on the Besse mine last April, today filed in the district court motions to quash the informations against their clients. The motions were based on the claim that the defendants cannot be tried without grand jury indictments unless given the privilege of preliminary examination, which was denied.

Recently the grand jury indictments against the strikers were dismissed by the district attorney, who thereupon filed direct informations.

MR. FERGUSON'S HOME COMING

Congressman H. B. Ferguson is coming to his home city tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock. He will be here for half an hour. Republicans and Democrats alike have joined in a movement to give the congressman a non-partisan welcome to his home; a simple greeting to show Mr. Ferguson that Albuquerque, regardless of politics and regardless of the fact that an election is right at hand, is proud of him and of the record he has made.

Let us lay aside politics and political feeling for a little while tomorrow morning; let us forget the campaign prattle and join in a sincere welcome to an earnest, faithful, efficient public servant; a character rare enough in the official life of New Mexico to make it especially notable. Mr. Ferguson returns to his home city tomorrow, after a long and active public life without a shadow of stain upon his record; with the testimony of a great President of the United States as to the quality of his service; and better equipped by training, experience and mature judgment than ever before for future service. Always one of the strong men of the state, Mr. Ferguson stands as a larger figure today than ever before; a man who merits the re-election he is about to receive upon the ground of simple, unpretentious, able service to his constituents. Albuquerque can afford to become enthusiastic over the home coming of such a man.

QUEZ. "I was appointed by Mr. Carranza, who is my superior officer. I am simply obeying orders. I went to the United States marshal and to the New York police when Mr. Urquiza refused to turn over the office to me. Neither would take any action. But I was advised to go to the office and join Mr. Urquiza out, so to speak. Rather than stir up a fuss, however, I have rented this office. Mr. Urquiza has stored the Mexican government to buy another set of furniture, carpets and office equipment. I sign all the papers. If Mr. Urquiza signs any they will be good in the Mexican customs houses and the ships having papers signed by him will be fined just as if they had none."

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION SENSATION OF HOUR

Mexico City, Oct. 30.—Foreign Minister Fabela yesterday handed to the Brazilian minister, Senor Coriolano de Oliveira, who is in charge of American interests in Mexico, the reply of the Mexican government to the recent note from the state department at Washington, requesting guarantees for certain Mexican citizens now residing in Vera Cruz before that port be evacuated by the American troops.

The reply did not give the guarantee asked for, but it requested Washington to fix definitely the date of departure of Vera Cruz of the American soldiers now in occupation.

VERA CRUZ FORCES TO REMAIN FOR A TIME

Washington, Oct. 30.—Carranza's reported willingness to discuss conditions of the evacuation of Vera Cruz, provided the United States sets a date for withdrawal of General Funston's forces, caused officials to indicate today that the forces will be withdrawn only after Carranza gives the required assurances for protection of those who have served General Funston and complies with the conditions which have been the subject of negotiations.

MONEY ORDER BUSINESS TO MEXICO SUSPENDED

Washington, Oct. 30.—Temporary suspension of postal order business between the United States and Mexico was announced today by postal officials. Postmasters throughout this country will not pay orders issued in Mexico after October 26 and will not accept money orders on Mexico.

The suspension was declared at Mexico's request. Postal officials asserted they knew no reason for that, other than possibly unsettled conditions in the southern republic.

URQUIDA IS REPUDIATED BY CARRANZA GOVERNMENT

Mexico City, Oct. 30.—The Mexican foreign office has issued a warning to steamship companies and merchants doing business with Mexico to the effect that the Mexican government will not recognize any document signed by Francisco Urquiza as consul of Mexico in New York. The legal representative of this country in that city, the statement says, Senor Enriguez.

The claim made by Senor Urquiza that he was named as consul by the Agua Calientes convention is said by the Mexican authorities to be false because the convention has no power to nominate, the supreme power residing alone in General Carranza.

URQUIDA CLAIMS HE IS THE OFFICIAL CONSUL

New York, Oct. 30.—Francisco Urquiza and Ignacio Enriguez, who formerly was a colonel in the constitutional army, are both maintaining offices in the same building here. Each has painted upon his door the announcement that the Mexican consul general is within.

"I am the consul," said Mr. Urquiza. "I have the official papers and the bank books. I am the representative of the Mexican government and my authority is derived from the convention at Agua Calientes. Mr. Enriguez is simply the representative of Carranza and that is all. I sign clearance papers and transact all the business."

"I am the consul," said Mr. Enriguez.

Today's War Summary

Interest in the battles raging in the east and west of Europe, where decisive results still are to be attained, today was momentarily overshadowed by Turkey's entrance into the war through her inauguration of hostilities against Russia.

London and Washington agree that this new development probably will have slight effect on land operations, but will manifest itself chiefly by sea and will give the allied fleet in the Mediterranean and adjacent waters some busy days or weeks.

Aside from this, the most interesting phase of Turkey's action is its probable effect on the delicate Balkan situation and next, what Greece will do. Should Greece enter the great arena of war two ex-patriated American battleships, the old Mississippi and Idaho, recently sold to her, may be heard from.

What effect Turkey's entrance into the war, now a conflict of ten nations, will have on the uncounted millions of Moslems in Africa and Asia is a matter of conjecture.

It was made known that in addition to sinking two steamers in the Black sea and bombarding the city of Theodosia, in the Crimea, Turkish warships had entered the port of Odessa, sunk a Russian gunboat and damaged a French liner.

Although no formal declaration of war is reported, the Russian ambassador at Constantinople has been withdrawn.

Little news filtered through today from the scene of the great battle in Flanders and indications were that the censorship had become still more rigid. The French official statement, while again optimistic in tone, was general in terms and contained nothing to indicate that decided advantages had been won by either side and it was inferred that the deadly struggle was yet to run its course.

The enormous sacrifices made by the Germans to force a passage of the Yser river are said by the French war office to have been in vain. The German forces, which maintained their hard-won place to the south of the Yser, are now said to have withdrawn. What shot and shrapnel could not accomplish has been achieved by another device. The Belgians having flooded the lower valley of the river.

The French official statement indicates that it has again failed to stop the British troops to bear the brunt of the battle. Their presence along the line from Ypres to Dixmude is revealed in the statement, which says that violent German attacks in this vicinity were beaten back and that the British and French were able to push forward.

At points north of La Bassie, just south of the Belgian border, the British forces are credited with having repulsed superior forces and to have won back territory previously yielded on the remainder of the front progress is claimed by the French "almost everywhere."

Or the battles in Russian Poland and Galicia no word has come since the indefinite official reports of yesterday.

Germany states officially that reports of a raid of German troops into Angola, West Africa, is a "fable" designed to justify Portugal's entrance into the European war on the side of the allies.

The German statement is disputed by what are said to be official advances from Lawrence Marques, East Africa, stating that a party of German cavalry had crossed the border of Angola and that three were killed by the Portuguese.

The heavy mortality among high officers is emphasized by the reports that twenty-one French officers have been promoted to the rank of general. Eight of these are to fill places made vacant by death on the battlefield.

The Greek navy, with its two American built battleships, formerly the Idaho and the Mississippi, which

SHELLING OF ODESSA BY TURKEY HURTS U. S.

Meager Advices from Black Seat Port Declares American Property is Destroyed by Bombardment of City by Mussulmans Without Customary Day's Notice.

OTTOMAN EMPIRE NOW ACTIVELY AT WAR

Entrance of Sublime Porte into World Hostilities May Have Far-Reaching Effects, Including Implication of Italian Kingdom in World-Struggle.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Aldine Secretary Lansing today announced receipt of a telegram from the American chargé d'affaires at Petrograd saying Odessa has been bombarded and some American property destroyed.

The dispatch from Charge Wilson, transmitting a message from the American consul at Odessa, who said he would send a fuller report later, of the extent of American property damaged.

Mr. Ferguson made three speeches yesterday, two at Taos and one, in the afternoon, at Ranchos de Taos. At all these meetings he spoke on state issues and national issues, laying heavy emphasis more of less alone.

His main theme was clean government for New Mexico, which he said could be secured only by electing a Democratic lower house this fall to check the activities of the solid Republican majority in the senate.

Mr. Ferguson declared that the only question in the congressional election was the support or repudiation of the Wilson national policies.

Good crowds hearing him at each of his meetings and enthusiasm was uniformly high.

TURKEY ASSUMES THE OFFENSIVE AGAINST CZAR

Washington, Oct. 30.—The Russian embassy here today received word from its foreign office at Petrograd that Turkey had taken warlike action toward Russia. The dispatch did not give any details, nor did it state whether the action was on land or sea.

Washington, Oct. 30.—Turkey's entrance into the field of warlike operations, though not unexpected, has caused a sensation in official circles here, because of its probable far-reaching effect. Probably no one has been in the great European struggle so uncertain in quantity and quality as the Turkish empire. The probability that to yesterday's act of war against Russia, the Balkan states may be drawn into the vortex of the great conflict, thereby cutting off a vast quantity of food supplies which it had been expected would go to the maintenance of the northern European countries during the war has brought home to the officials here a realization of the very close and intense interest of the United States in the late developments.

Diplomatic representatives in London are said to be official statements that as Turkey had fully prepared last year and navy for the conflict she would cast the die for war. Great Britain, Russia and France have through their ambassadors made it plain to Turkey, it is understood, what the consequences of her entry might be. The Anglo-French fleet, which has been comparatively unoccupied in the Mediterranean, would bombard the ports of Asia Minor. Greece probably would join the allies against Turkey and the Balkan states would be drawn into the general imbroglio with the prospect that Italy might be found fighting Turkey as well.

The conflict might extend to Egypt, Persia or Arabia, with the possibility of the Japanese fleet supporting operations of the allies, has been discussed here.

The Greek navy, with its two American built battleships, formerly the Idaho and the Mississippi, which

must be reckoned with, is superior to the Turkish cruisers in armor and armament.

From a military point of view it is believed that Russia would have little to fear from an attack by the Turkish army. It is regarded as certain that such action doubtless would immediately be followed by declarations of war against Turkey by the Balkan states.

From a naval viewpoint Turkey cannot work much mischief, experts here say. Her navy has been increased by the addition of two German armored cruisers, the *Breslau* and the *Gneisenau*, but the Russian Black sea fleet is regarded as more than a match for these.

Owing to rumors of possible anti-Christian uprisings as a result of general disturbances, Ambassador Morgan of time advised that an American warship be present in Turkish waters for military effect and to lend aid to Americans in case of emergency. The cruisers *North Carolina* and *Tennessee*, which were sent to Europe with gold for relief purposes, are now and probably will be maintained in the eastern Mediterranean.

The policy of Greece, as previously (Continued on Page Two.)

ALLIES SUCCESSFUL DIAGONAL LINE STRETCHES ACROSS WHOLE OF EUROPE

Thousands of Germans Caught in Swamps by Opening of Yser Sluice-Gates and Great Numbers Drowned.

London, Oct. 30 (5:30 p. m.)—A dispatch from the correspondent of the *Herald* Telegram company at Paris says:

"The news today is excellent. I am able to state on the best authority that the efforts of the allies are being crowned with success."

"In consequence of the opening of the sluices of the Yser canal, thousands of Germans were caught. Those who escaped drowning were harassed by the artillery."

"Some points of extra strategic importance have been occupied by the left wing of the allies, while along practically the whole rest of the front as far as the French eastern frontier the allies' progress continues. The German losses are terrific."

AMERICAN AMBASSADOR PRESENTS CREDENTIALS

Petrograd, Oct. 30. Via London 2:30 p. m.—George T. Marie Jr., of San Francisco, the newly appointed ambassador of the United States to Russia, today presented his credentials to Emperor Nicholas and formally assumed charge of the embassy. Accompanied by his staff, Mr. Marie went by train to Tsarkoe Selo where the party was conducted to the palace by an imperial escort.

GERMANS BRAND TALES OF ANGOLA RAID AS LIES

Berlin, Oct. 30 (By Wireless)—The alleged raid of German troops into Angola, West Africa, is declared officially today to be a "big lie" forced in order to justify Portugal's participation in the European war."

NOTIFIERS ENGLAND TO RELEASE GERMANS

Berlin, Oct. 30 (By Wireless)—Germany has notified Great Britain through James W. Gerard, the American ambassador in Berlin, that if German civilians in England excepting those against whom are grounds of suspicion, are not liberated by November 5, all British subjects in Germany will be similarly arrested.

HAITIAN PRESIDENT TAKES REFUGE ON DUTCH STEAMSHIP

Washington, Oct. 30.—President Duvalier has been obliged to quit Port au Prince and seek refuge on a Dutch vessel, according to report to the state department today from the American legation in Haiti. Officials interpret this to mean that the rebels are in complete control of Port au Prince.

Hospital Ship On Rocks of North British Coast

Casualty Will Be Heavy One Terrific Sea Prevents Rescue of Crew, Nurses and Doctors.

London, Oct. 30 (1:30 p. m.)—Signals of distress have been sent up since last night off Whitby, the Yorkshire coast, from a steamer bound to Russia, the *Rohilla*, a British vessel of 7,000 tons, being used as a hospital ship. The gale blowing, however, has caused such heavy seas that the launching of lifeboats has been impossible.

Early this morning four seamen were found swimming some distance offshore from the coast. Among the wrecks was the name "Rohilla of Glasgow." One of the seamen is still living. Tremendous seas are breaking over the vessel and the members of the crew can be seen in the rigging.

The *Rohilla* was bound from Queen's Ferry to Belgium to bring 500 wounded from France. She ran on the rocks half a mile south of Whitby, 12 miles northwest of Scarborough at 4 o'clock this morning and a violent southeast gale and rainstorm.

The vessel carried four nurses and several doctors and full hospital equipment. All the women on board were saved. Every one of her boats, except the last one launched, was smashed by the sea and washed ashore. The remaining boat was swamped near shore and the people in it waded to safety.

Lifeboats with extreme difficulty brought ashore two boat loads of the passengers, after which further attempts of rescue with the boats were abandoned. With fifty-eight persons still clinging to the vessel, which had her after end broken nearly off, hopes are entertained for rescuing these. Efforts are being made to get assistance from other ports.

Beginning at 4 o'clock Tuesday, November 3d, the *Herald* will commence to receive election returns from the congressional and state elections. The bulletins will come to the *Herald* office over our own leased wire and will be announced as received.

Patrons of this newspaper are invited to make fullest use of this special service. You are cordially invited to spend the evening of election day at the *Herald* office, or if you find it inconvenient to come to the office, use *Herald* telephones 167 and 168 and we will give you all returns available, not only from New Mexico but from every state in the union. No matter what state return you may be interested in we will have all the information there is up to midnight.

By special arrangement with Democratic state headquarters we will have all returns available from New Mexico counties and precincts. This special service is for your convenience and information and you are cordially invited to use it.

HERALD'S SPECIAL ELECTION SERVICE